## **HW #9**

- 1. a) What is oscillating as light propagates?
  - i) the air molecules
  - ii) the electric field
  - iii) the magnetic field
  - iv) nothing
  - b) If two waves are out of phase by a \_\_\_\_\_ number of wavelengths, they interfere destructively.
    - i) integer
    - ii) half-integer
- 2. Show that  $E_y(x,t) = E_0 \sin(kx wt)$  is a solution to the wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 E}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 E}{\partial t^2}$$

- 3. Show that the right-hand-side of the equation for the intensity of light,  $I = \frac{1}{2}c\varepsilon_0 E_0^2$ , has units of energy per unit area per second.
- 4. **(PHYS 112 review)** Two coherent, in-phase microwave sources separated by d = 20.0 cm create an interference pattern. At a center-line distance of D = 150 cm from the sources, the separation between the central axis and fifth maximum (m = 5) equals 60.0 cm. What is the wavelength of the microwave source?

*Note*: Find the path length difference directly from the geometry since the approximation d << D is of questionable validity here.

