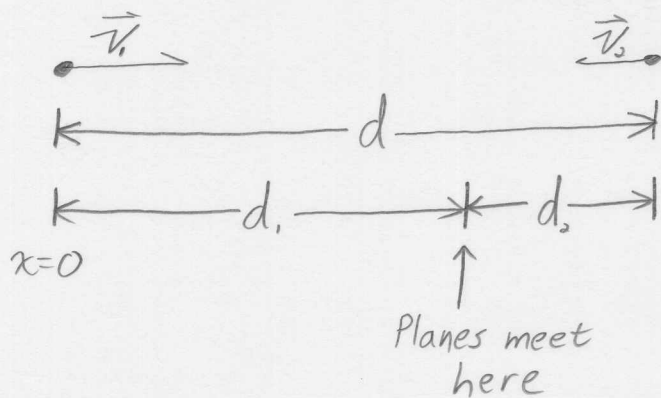


Homework 2

Physics III, Fall 09

Problems: 2-49, 50, 60, 77

2-49



Given

$$d = 4600 \text{ km}$$

$$v_1 = 1100 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$v_2 = 700 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$d_1 = ?$$

Plane 1

$$x_f = x_o + v_o t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$d_1 = 0 + v_1 t + 0$$

$$t = \frac{d_1}{v_1}$$

Plane 2

$$x_f = x_o + v_o t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$d_1 = d - v_2 t + 0$$

$$d_1 = d - \frac{v_2}{v_1} d_1$$

$$d_1 + \frac{v_2}{v_1} d_1 = d$$

$$d_1 \left(1 + \frac{v_2}{v_1} \right) = d$$

$$d_1 \left(\frac{v_1 + v_2}{v_1} \right) = d$$

$$d_1 = \frac{v_1}{v_1 + v_2} d$$

$$d_1 = \frac{1100 \text{ km/hr}}{1100 \text{ km/hr} + 700 \text{ km/hr}} \cdot 4600 \text{ km} = 2811 \text{ km}$$

2-50

$$x(t) = bt + ct^3$$

$$b = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$c = 0.64 \text{ m/s}^3$$

$$x(0) = 0, \quad \bar{v} = \frac{x(t_2) - x(t_1)}{t_2 - t_1}$$

↑
average velocity

$$a) t_1 = 1 \text{ s}, t_2 = 3.0 \text{ s}, \quad \bar{v} = \frac{21.78 - 2.14}{2} = \underline{9.82}$$

$$b) t_1 = 1.5 \text{ s}, t_2 = 2.5 \text{ s}, \quad \bar{v} = \frac{13.75 - 4.41}{1} = \underline{9.34}$$

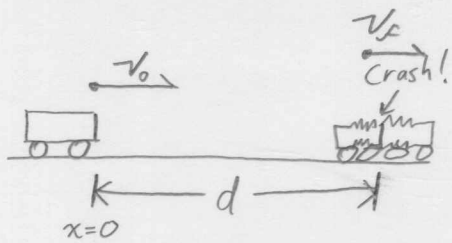
$$c) t_1 = 1.95, t_2 = 2.05, \quad \bar{v} = \frac{8.59 - 7.67}{0.1} = \underline{9.18}$$

$$d) \frac{dx}{dt} = b + 3ct^2$$

$$\text{at } t = 2.0,$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 1.5 + (3)(0.64)(2)^2 = \underline{7.42}$$

2-60



GIVEN note sign! WANT

$$a = -6.3 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v_f = 18 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$d = 34 \text{ m} = 34 \cdot \frac{1}{1 \times 10^3} \frac{\text{km}}{\text{m}} = 3.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ km}$$

$$a = -6.3 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{1 \times 10^3} \frac{\text{km}}{\text{m}} \cdot (3600 \frac{\text{s}}{\text{hr}})^2 = 8.16 \times 10^4 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}^2}$$

$v_0 = ?$
 $t = ?$

$$a) \quad x_f = x_0 + v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$v_f = v_0 + a t$$

$$d = 0 + v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$v_f = v_0 + a t$$

Solve for t

$$t = \frac{v_f - v_0}{a}$$

$$d = \frac{v_0(v_f - v_0)}{a} + \frac{1}{2} a \frac{(v_f - v_0)^2}{a^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} \left[-v_0^2 + v_0 v_f + \frac{1}{2} (v_0^2 - 2 v_0 v_f + v_f^2) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} \left[-v_0^2 + v_0 v_f + \frac{1}{2} v_0^2 - v_0 v_f + \frac{1}{2} v_f^2 \right]$$

$$d = \frac{1}{a} \left[-\frac{1}{2} v_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} v_f^2 \right]$$

$$d = \frac{v_f^2 - v_0^2}{2a} \Rightarrow v_0 = (v_f^2 - 2ad)^{1/2}$$

From neg acceleration

$$v_0 = \left[(18 \text{ km/hr})^2 + (2)(8.16 \times 10^4 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}^2})(3.4 \times 10^{-2}) \right]^{1/2}$$

$$v_0 = 76.6 \text{ km/hr}$$

2-60 continued

b) From part a:

$$\boxed{t = \frac{v_f - v_0}{a}} = \frac{18 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}} - 76.6 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}}}{-8.16 \times 10^4 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}^2}} = 7.18 \times 10^{-4} \text{ hr} \cdot 3600 \frac{\text{s}}{\text{hr}}$$
$$= \boxed{2.59 \text{ s}}$$