David is fighting Goliath. To defeat him, David's rock must leave his 0.5 m sling at 20 m/s. Unfortunately, his sling was damaged and the maximum tension the rope can withstand is 500 N. What is the mass of largest rock that David can sling? Ignore gravity.



a) Draw a free body diagram of the rock (pretend it's David vs Goliath in space and Ignore Gravity). State the Given and Wanted information.

Given
$$V = 20 \, \text{m/s}$$
 $V = 7 \, \text{m} = 7$

$$F_{T = 500 \, \text{m}} = 500 \, \text{m}$$

b) QUICK! Without thinking about Newton's Second Law, write an expression for the acceleration of the rock. (HINT: It's in Uniform Circular Motion

$$a = \frac{v}{r}$$

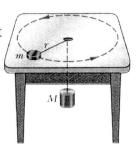
c) Write Newton's Second Law for the rock based on your answer to parts a and b. Solve it for the mass of the rock.

$$\frac{NSL}{F_{\tau}=m\frac{v^{2}}{r}}=)m=\frac{F_{\tau}r}{V^{2}}$$

d) Calculate the mass of the rock.

$$m = \frac{(500N)(0.5m)}{(20\%)^2} = 0.625 \text{ kg}$$

A mass m on a frictionless table is attached to a hanging mass M by a cord through a hole in the table. Find the speed with which m must move in order for M to stay at rest.



NSL

$$M$$

 $\chi: \Sigma f_z = ma_x$
 $0 F_T = m \chi^2 \Rightarrow UCM$
 $y: \Sigma f_y = mdy$
 $QF_R - mg = 0 \Rightarrow No motioning$

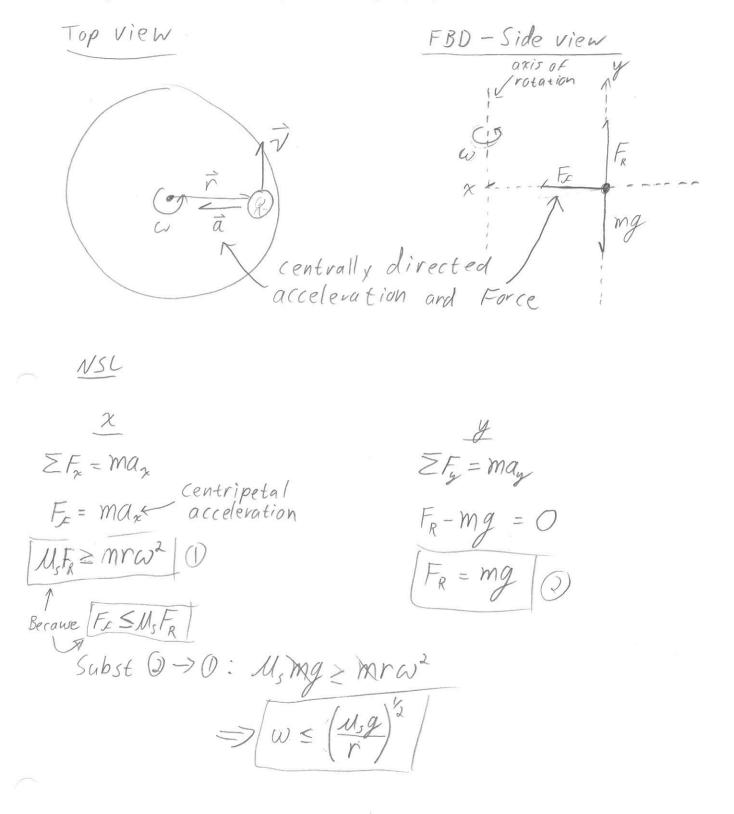
M $x: \sum F_{x} = MQ_{x}$ Mg - F = 0 y: 0 = 0

So, From (3):
$$F_7 = Mg$$

then into (0): $Mg = m \frac{v^2}{r}$

$$= \sqrt{v} = \left[\frac{Mgr}{mgr} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

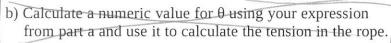
A penny of mass m is placed on a turntable (remember those?) and the turntable begins spinning. The coefficient of static friction between the penny and the turntable is μ_s . What is the fastest angular velocity ω that the turntable can spin before the penny slips.

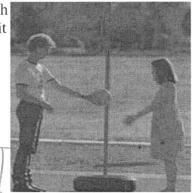


Force Problems - Set 3

Napoleon lands a flippin' sweet blow to the tether ball, which is attached to a rope of whose length is L=0.60m sending it whipping around the pole with a period of 0.75s.

a) Napoleon is jealous of your awesome physics skills and needs your help finding an expression for the angle, θ , that the rope makes with the pole.





FBD FFD mg Given L=0.6m P=0.75s $x: \overline{ZF_x} = ma_x$ Wanted $\theta=?$ $y: \overline{ZF_y} = ma_y$ $y: \overline{ZF_y} = ma_y$ $QF_r cos\theta - mg = 0$

Dw r = L SINO

Let's eliminate F, Between D and D First and then deal with the period.

From Θ : $F_{\tau}CO : \Theta = mg \Theta$ Divide Θ : $\frac{F_{\tau}SIN\Theta}{F_{\tau}COS\Theta} = \frac{mr}{mg} \Rightarrow tan\theta = \frac{v^{2}}{rg} \Theta$

Now we can relate V and r to the period.

$$V = \frac{d}{t} \Rightarrow V = \frac{\partial \pi r}{P} / \text{Plug into } \mathcal{G}$$

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From (g):
$$tan\theta = \frac{4m^2r^4}{p^2}\frac{1}{kg}$$

$$tan\theta = \frac{4m^2r}{gp^2}$$

So:
$$tan\theta = \frac{4\pi^2}{gP^2} LSINO$$

$$\Rightarrow |\cos\theta = \frac{gP^2}{4\pi^2L}|$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{gP^2}{4\pi^2L}\right) = \cos^{-1}\left[\frac{(9.8)(0.75)^2}{(4)\pi^2(0.6)}\right]$$

The Cyclone is an exciting state fair ride consisting of a large vertical cylinder that spins about its axis. Riders stand inside the cylinder with their backs against the wall. When the cylinder is spinning fast enough, the floor drops away and the rider "sticks" to the wall.



If the The coefficient of static friction between a wall and person is μ_s , and the radius of the cylinder is R, show that the maximum period of revolution is given by:

$$P = \left(\frac{4\pi^{2}R\mu_{s}}{g}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$NSL$$

$$\chi : \sum F_{x} = ma_{x}$$

$$OF_{R} = mrw^{2}$$

$$y : \sum F_{y} = ma_{y}$$

$$F_{x} - mg = 0$$

$$M_{s}F_{R} - mg = 0$$

Subst
$$0 \rightarrow 0$$
: $U_3 N r w^2 = N g$

$$U_3 r \frac{47}{p^2} = g$$

$$\left[P = \left(\frac{47^2 U_3 r}{2} \right)^{\frac{7}{3}} \right]$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{P}$$