

Rotation – Set 3

Name: _____

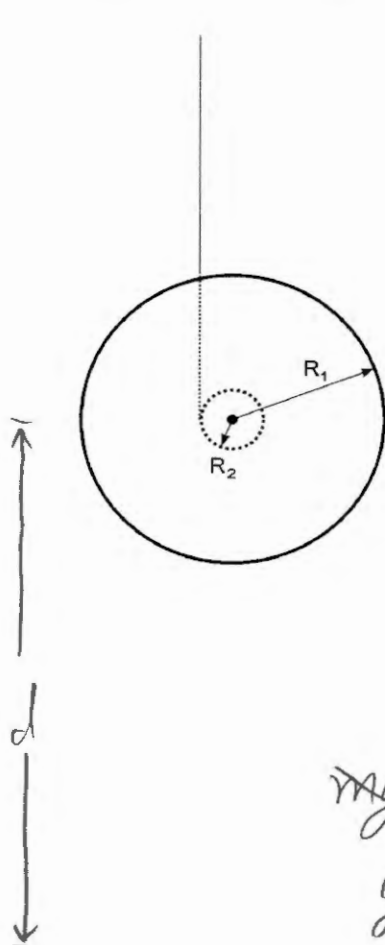
Problems Solved 1 / 2

The picture below represents the side view of a yo-yo. The inner dashed circle represents the axle that the string is wound around. The top of the string is held stationary and the yo-yo is allowed to fall, unwinding the string as it descends.

The moment of inertia of the yo-yo is: $I_{cm} = \frac{1}{2}MR_1^2$

Use Work/Energy techniques to answer the following questions.

- If the yo-yo starts from rest, what is its angular velocity after a length of string, d , is unwound?
- What is the translational velocity of the center of the yo-yo



<u>Given</u>	<u>want</u>
I	ω, v
M	
d	

$$U_I = mgd, \quad U_F = 0$$

$$K_I = 0, \quad K_F = \frac{1}{2}Mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

$$v = R_2\omega$$

$$mgd = \frac{1}{2}Mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}MR_1^2\right)\omega^2$$

$$gd = \frac{1}{2}R_2^2\omega^2 + \frac{1}{4}R_1^2\omega^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega = \left[\frac{gd}{\frac{1}{2}R_2^2 + \frac{1}{4}R_1^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

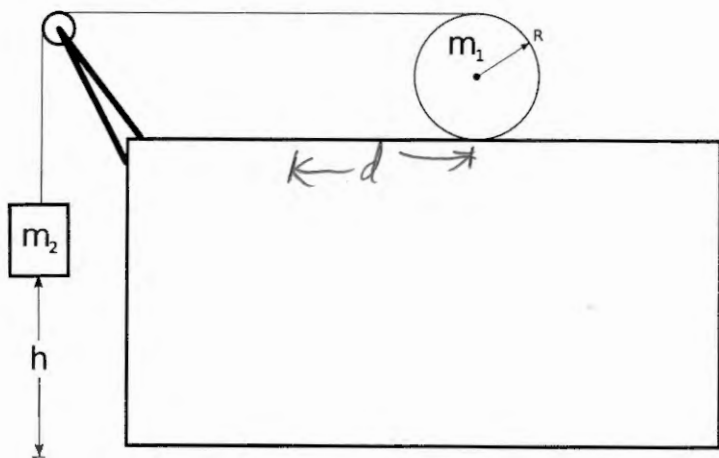
$$\Rightarrow v = R_2 \left[\frac{gd}{\frac{1}{4}R_1^2 + R_2^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

Rotation – Set 3

2

In the picture below, a cylinder with mass m_1 , and radius R is sitting on a table. One end of a string is wound around the cylinder. The other end of the string passes over a massless and frictionless pulley and is attached to a hanging weight of mass m_2 .

What is the angular velocity of m_1 after m_2 has fallen a distance h ?



Given
 m_1
 m_2
 h
 R

want
 ω

$$U_I = m_2 gh, \quad U_F = 0$$

$$K_I = 0, \quad K_F = \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2$$

Because the string unwinds from the cylinder as it rolls, m_2 falls twice as far as m_1 rolls

$$\text{so: } \underline{h = 2d} \Rightarrow \underline{v_2 = 2v_1}$$

$$\text{Then: } v_1 = R\omega, \quad v_2 = 2R\omega$$

$$\Rightarrow m_2 gh = \frac{1}{2} m_2 4R^2 \omega^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_1 R^2 \omega^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} m_1 R^2 \right) \omega^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega = \left[\frac{gh}{2m_2 + \frac{3}{4}m_1} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$